1.—Radio Stations in Operation in Canada, by Class, as at Mar. 31, 1940-44

Class of Station	1940	1941	1942	1943	1944
_	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.
Coast (Government)	28	27	29	29	29
Marine direction-finding (Government)	13	13	13	13	13
Aeronautical direction-finding (Govern-				10402507	
ment)	2	2	2	2	1 1
Ship (Government)	64.	42	65	64	69
Ship (commercial)	356	416	489	512	628
Ship (commercial receiving only)	71 26	61 29	85 26	64	46 32
Radio beacon (Government)	20 17	10	12	28	12
Radiophone (Government)	1,	10	12	12	5
Weather-reporting (Government)	i	1 4	1 1	1	ı
Limited coast	10	6	6	1 e	6
Public commercial.	78	77	85	85	52
D-ivete commercial	863	1,120	1,184	1.292	1,346
Municipal police private commercial	000	1,120	1,101	1,202	1,010
stations	Nil	Nil	55	64	66
Private commercial broadcasting	96	98	102	102	115
Operated by Canadian Broadcasting		"	1	104	1
Corporation	10	15	18	15	28
Operated by private owners	86	83	84	87	87
Experimental <sup>1</sup>	78	46	52	52	54
Amateur experimental <sup>1</sup>	3,776	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil
Private receiving <sup>2</sup>	1,345,157	1,454,717	1,623,489	1,728,880	1,770,900
Radio training school	9	9	9	10	12
Licensed aircraft	156	149	138	143	159
Aeronautical ground to air	2	2	2	2	66
Aeronautical radio range (Government)	43	44	54	55	]]
Commercial receiving	86	105	120	125	121
Commercial receiving (special)	10	86	92	96	95
Fan marker (Government)	5	2	2	3	5
Monitoring stations (Government)	•	_	1 .		5
Direction finding stations, short-wave (Government)					3
Totals	1,350,948	1,457,963	1,626,113	1,731,641	1,773,832

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> All licences for privately owned experimental stations and for all amateur experimental stations were spended at the outbreak of war in September, 1939. <sup>2</sup> Includes licences issued free, numbering 8,896 in 1944, 7,465 in 1943, 6,998 in 1942, 6,796 in 1943 and 5,862 in 1940.

According to the number of private receiving licences shown in Table 2 as having been issued in each province in the fiscal year 1944, the estimated population per receiving licence was: Prince Edward Island, 8.6; Nova Scotia, 7.7; New Brunswick, 8.7; Quebec, 7.7; Ontario, 6.1; Manitoba, 6.6; Saskatchewan, 6.6; Alberta, 6.3; British Columbia, 5.9; Yukon and Northwest Territories, 34; and Canada, 6.8.

2.—Private Receiving Licences1 Issued in Canada, by Provinces, Fiscal Years 1938-44

Province	1938	1939	1940	1941	1942	1943	1944
	No.						
Prince Edward Island	4,198	5,209	5,694	6,337	8,962	8,516	10,583
Nova Scotia	43,321	51,622	55,796	62,496	71,776	81,524	79,887
New Brunswick	29,956	35,050	37,729	41,758	48,728	52,745	52,698
Quebec	268,650	295,920	318,387	346,328	400,902	436,288	455,053
Untario	445 867	497,858	520,503	558,780	604,981	637,116	647, 167
Manitoba	73,099	79,295	89,704	94,357	104,384	108,435	110,249
Oaskatchewan	62 636	63,625	98,707	109,713	122,304	127,529	128,754
Alberta	75,843	88,357	104,283	108,649	122,489	126.525	128,950
Dritish Columbia	100.251	106, 169	113,945	125,714	138, 191	149,481	157,060
Yukon and N.W T	386	397	409	585	772	721	499
Crnada	1,194,207	1,223,502	1,345,157	1,454,717	1,623,489	1.728,880	1,770,900

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Includes licences issued free, numbering 3,896 in 1944, 7,465 in 1943, 6,998 in 1942, 6,796 in 1941, 5,862 in 1940, 4.557 in 1939 and 3,155 in 1938.